

## **Third Year – Fifth Semester**

### **COURSE-II: OPETIONAL-III: INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS-I**

#### **Objectives:**

Intellectual Property Law has assumed a great importance in recent times as a result of the recognition that ‘knowledge is property’. The creations of the human brain as IP are required to be understood and protected. The syllabi encompassing all relevant IP legislations in India with a view to understand and adjust with changing needs of the society because creative work is useful to society and law relating to innovation/creativity i.e. Intellectual Property is one of the fastest growing subjects all over the globe because of its significance and importance in the present era. Disseminate information on national and international IPR issues. The course is designed with a view to create IPR consciousness; and familiarize the learners about the documentation and administrative procedures relating to IPR in India. The subject Intellectual Property law divided into two papers namely Paper-I and Paper-II of 100 marks each.

#### **Course contents:**

##### **UNIT-I**

**Introductory Aspects:** Overview of the concept of property; Industrial property and non-industrial property; Historical background of IPR; Importance of human creativity in present scenario; Different forms of IP and its conceptual analysis.

**Patents:** Introduction and overview of patent protection; History of Patent Protections: What is patent and definition of patent; Object of patent; Scope and salient features of patent; How to obtain patent; Product patent and Process patent; Specification – Provisional and complete specification; Procedure for patent applications; Register of patents and Patent Office; Rights and obligations of patentee; Transfer of Patent Rights; Government use of inventions; Biotech patents and patentability of life forms; Infringement of Patents; Offences and Penalties.

##### **UNIT-II**

**Trade Marks :** Introduction and overview of trade mark; Evolution of trade mark law; Object of trade mark; Features of good trade mark; Different forms of trade mark; Trade mark registry and register of trade marks; Property in a trade mark; Registrable and non-registrable marks; Basic principles of registration of trade mark; Deceptive similarity; Assignment and transmission; Rectification of register; Infringement of trade mark; Passing off; Domain name protection and registration; Offences and penalties.

### **UNIT-III**

Introduction and overview of Cyber Intellectual Property; Intellectual property and cyberspace; Emergence of cyber crime; Grant is software patent and copyright in software; Software piracy; Trademarks issues related to Internet (Domain name); Date protection in cyberspace; E-commerce and E-contract; Salient features of Information Technology Act; IPR provisions in IT Act; Internet policy of Government of India.

### **UNIT-IV**

Geographical Indications: Introduction and overview of geographical indications: Meaning and scope of geographical indications: Important geographical indications of India and their features; Salient features of the Protection of Geographical Indications Act; Protection of geographical indications; Misleading use of geographical indications; Registration of geographical indications; Right to use geographical indications; infringement; Remedies against infringement; Role and functions of Registrar of Geographical indication; Conflict between Trade mark and geographical indications.

### **UNIT-V**

International Convention and Treaties: Paris Convention: Background; Salient features of Paris Convention; Government rules of Paris Convention; Patent cooperation Treaty: Background; Objectives of PCT; Salient features of PCT; Madrid Convention; Salient features; International registration of marks; World Intellectual Property Organization; Background; Salient features WIPO; Organization of WIPO.

### **Prescribed Books:**

1. P.Narayana – Intellectual Property Law.
2. Cornish William – Intellectual Property.

### **Reference Books:**

1. Ganguli – Intellectual Property Rights: Unleashed the knowledge economy.
2. Copinger & Skine James – Copyright.
3. Pal P.- Intellectual Property Rights in India.
4. Unni- Trade Mark, Design and Cyber Property Rights.
5. Rodney Ryder – Intellectual Property and the Interest.
6. Rahul Matthan – The law relating to Computers and the Internet.
7. Elizabeth Verkek – Law of Plant Varieties Protection.
8. Pavan Duggal – Cyber Law: the Indian Perspective.
9. D.P.Mittal – Law of Information Technology.

## **COURSE-II OPTIONAL-III; PENOLOGY & VICTIMOLOGY**

### **Objectives:**

This course offers a specialist understanding of criminal policies including theories of punishment, their supposed philosophical and sociological justifications and the problem of exercise of discretion in sentencing. In addition the course introduces students to the discipline of victimology which will shift the study from accused centric approach to much needed victim centric approach.

### **Course contents:**

#### **UNIT-1**

Introduction: Notion of punishment in law; Difference between crime prevention and control; Theories of punishments.

#### **UNIT-II**

Kinds of punishment; Sentencing polices and processes; the riddle of capital punishment.

#### **UNIT-III**

Prison reforms; Alternatives to imprisonment; Victimology – Introduction, history and philosophy.

#### **UNIT-IV**

Victimology – European experience; American experience; Victim witness assistance programmes; Restitution.

#### **UNIT-V**

Victimology – Indian experience; Legal framework; Role of Courts; Role of NHRC.

### **Prescribed Books:**

Edwin H.Sutherland – Criminology  
Ahmad Siddique – Criminology  
V.N.Rajan – Victimology in India.

### **Reference Books:**

H.L.A. Hart – Punishment and Responsibility.  
S.Chabra- Quantum of Punishment in Criminal Law.  
Herbert L.Packer – the Limits of Criminal sanctions.